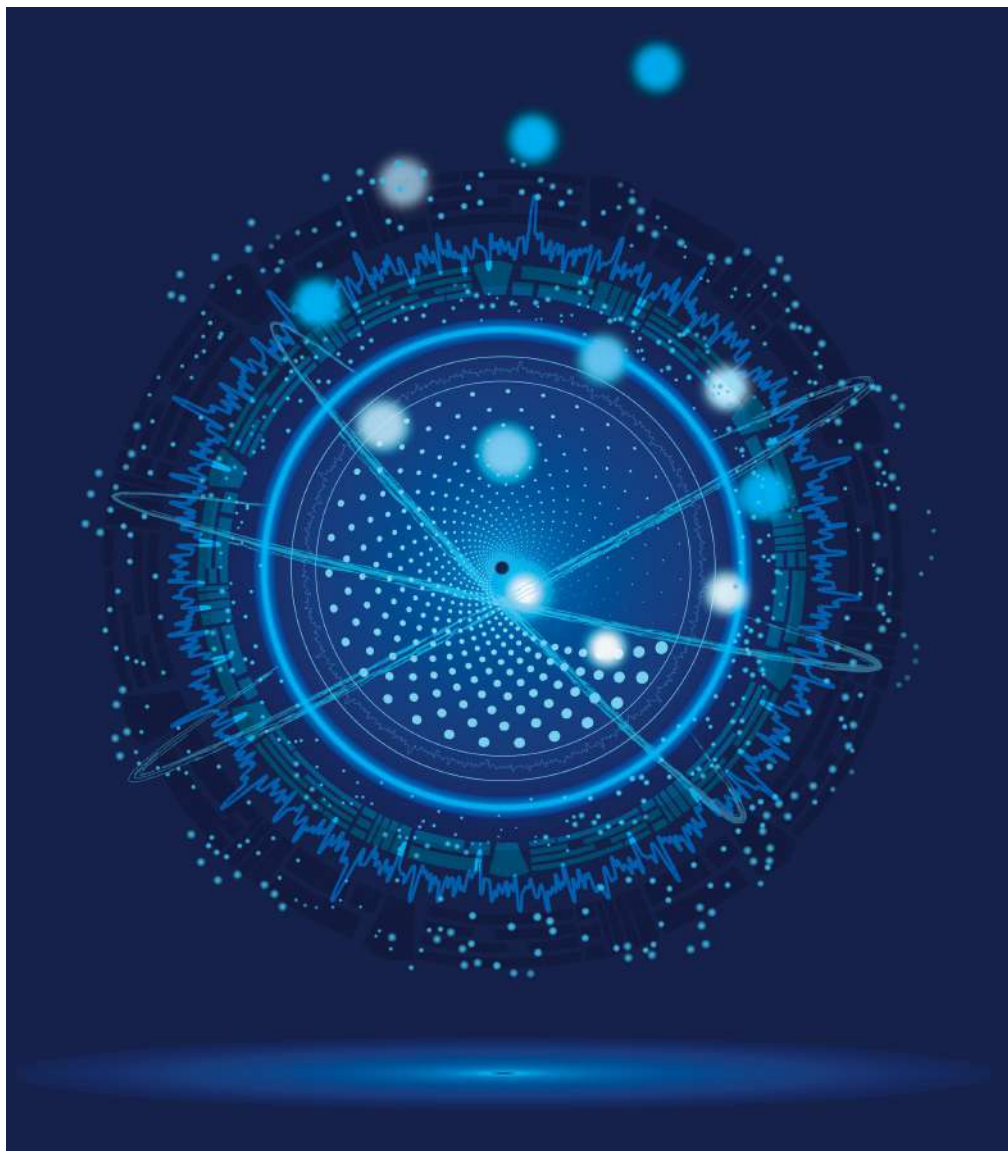


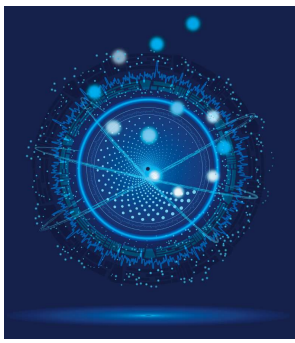
Small New World 2.0

4-5 September 2023

Abstract Book



Medical University Graz, Austria



Small New World 2.0

4-5 September 2023., Graz, Austria

Joint Meeting of



Austrian Society for Extracellular Vesicles - ASEV
Hungarian Section for Extracellular Vesicles - HSEV
Slovenian Network for Extracellular Vesicles - SiN-EV
Serbian Society Extracellular Vesicles - SrbEVs

Organizing committee:

Beate Rinner, ASEV
Wolf Holnthoner, ASEV
Edit Buzas, HSEV
Metka Lenassi, SiN-EV
Maja Kosanović, SrbEVs

Scientific committee:

Beate Rinner, Medical University Graz, Austria;
Wolf Holnthoner, Ludwig Boltzmann Institute for Traumatology, Austria;
Edit Buzas, Semmelweis University, Hungary;
Metka Lenassi, Faculty of Medicine, University of Ljubljana, Slovenia;
Maja Kosanović, Institute for the Application of Nuclear Energy, INEP, Serbia;
Zoltan Giricz, Semmelweis University, Hungary;
Bernd Giebel, Institute for Transfusion Medicine, University Hospital Essen, Germany



The crosstalk between circulating exosome carried miRNAs and ferroptosis related genes in multiple sclerosis

Jovana Kuveljic¹; Ivan Jovanovic¹; Maja Kosanovic²; Natasa Macak¹; Tamara Djuric¹; Aleksandra Stankovic¹; Maja Zivkovic¹
¹"Vinča" Institute of Nuclear Sciences, National Institute of the Republic of Serbia, University of Belgrade, Laboratory for radiobiology and molecular genetics, Belgrade, Serbia; ²Institute for the application of nuclear energy, Belgrade, Serbia

Background: Ferroptosis is one of the processes that could drive immune-mediated neurodegeneration in multiple sclerosis (MS). Exosomes as biologically active extracellular nanovesicles can carry miRNAs and are easily delivered across blood - brain barrier. Our aim is to provide data about the difference in network interplay of exosome carried miRNAs and PBMC mRNA between mild and severe MS phenotypes, in context of ferroptosis process regulation.

Methods: Targeted mRNA sequencing of selected ferroptosis related genes was performed in PBMC of two MS phenotypes on Illumina iSeq100 NGS instrument. DESeq2 algorithm was used for obtaining DE genes and miRNA/mRNA interplay was woven using miRNET platform. Purification of exosomes from plasma and extraction of total RNA was performed using Plasma/Serum Exosome RNA Isolation Kit (Norgen Biotek). Exosomes were evaluated on the ZetaView instrument and the presence of brain derived fraction was evaluated with L1CAM and MOG antibodies. Expression profiles of the bioinformatically defined miRNA hubs was evaluated in circulating exosomes containing fraction of the brain-originating ones, using TaqMan technology.

Results will provide insight if the expression of ferroptosis related genes observed in PBMCs reflect miRNA levels in exosomes, with regard to MS severity.

Discussion: Exosome cargo could serve as easily accessible biomarker for monitoring MS course/severity. Detection of brain fraction exosomes in circulation will provide new data on exosome signature and miRNA content in MS patients. Validation of miRNAs in exosomes and their regulatory background of ferroptosis in MS will have impact on research toward diagnostic/therapeutic application of both, miRNAs and exosomes.

Publishers:

Serbian Society for Extracellular Vesicles (SrbEVs) with
Austrian Society for Extracellular Vesicles (ASEV),
Hungarian Society for Extracellular Vesicles (HSEV), and
Slovenian Network for Extracellular Vesicles (SiN-EV)

Editors:

Wolf Holnthoner, ASEV;
Edit Buzas, HSEV;
Metka Lenassi, SiN-EV;
Maja Kosanović, SrbEVs

Technical Editor and Design:

Maja Kosanović

ISBN 978-86-905626-0-2

Year: 2023.

Disclaimer: The authors are responsible for the contents
of their abstracts and warrant that their abstract is original.

